



# Privacy Impact Assessment: Threshold check Facial Recognition System

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New Zealand Government

INTERNAL AFFAIRS



Te Tari Taiwhenua

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## Introduction and overview of approach

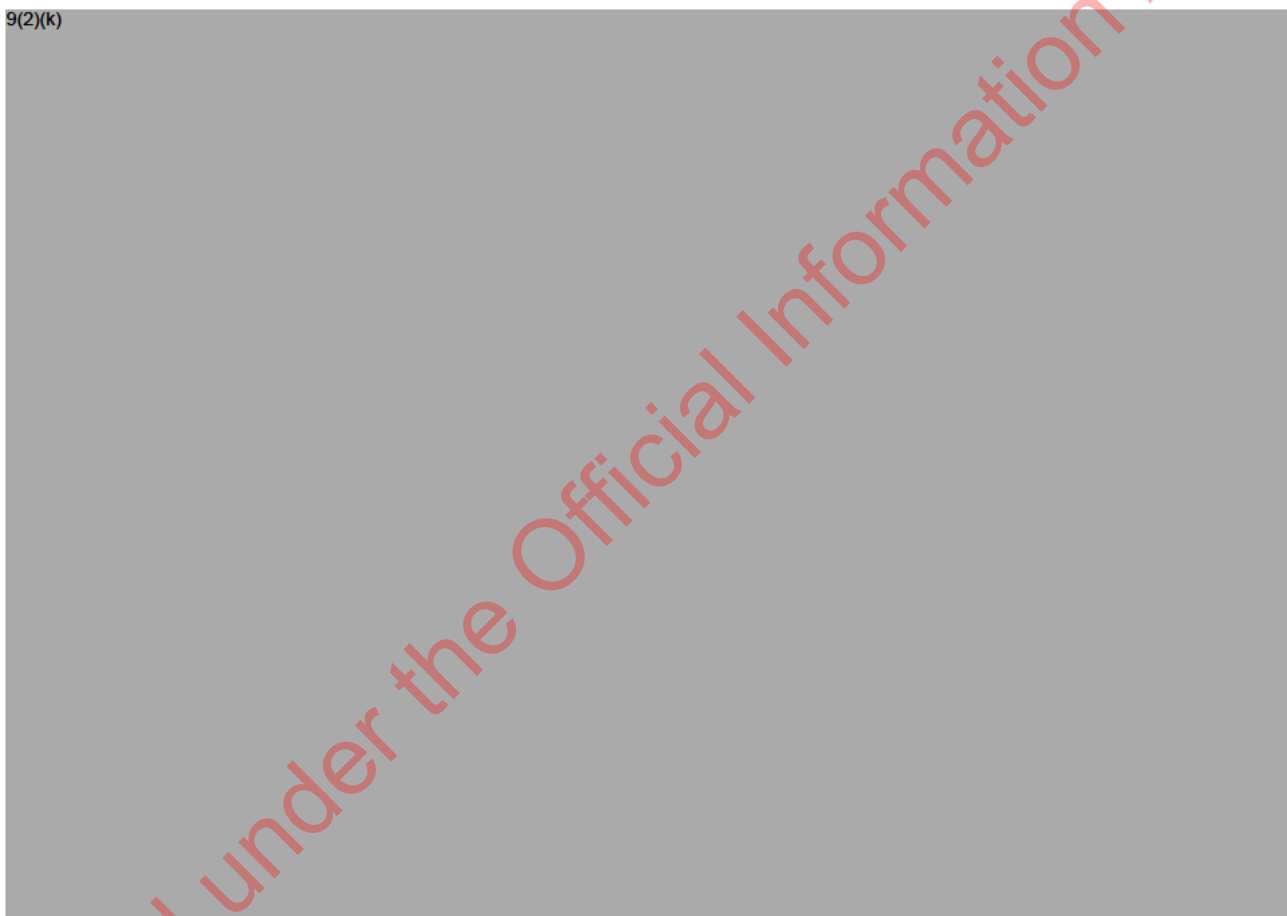
*Include a brief description of the proposed project or initiative.*

DIA's current Passport Facial Recognition System (ABIS) is being replaced with a new facial recognition solution that will be delivered 'as a Service'. The system will be integrated into the passport system to continue supporting process automation and fraud detection, with the goal of increasing productivity of passport issuances whilst maintaining the current integrity of the New Zealand passport.

*Describe any existing systems or processes, and the main changes that are proposed:*

The new FRS will be a replacement for ABIS and will be delivered as a Managed Service, hosted and managed within New Zealand. The new FRS (highlighted in green) will replace the existing ABIS system (highlighted in red) as shown in Figure 1.

9(2)(k)



*a) Describe the purpose of the change, including any projected benefits to your business or to the individuals affected*

The new service will include new hardware and software that will increase performance and accuracy of the biometric matching.

The business outcome for Facial Recognition Service (FRS) project is to deliver a fit for purpose and supported Facial Recognition Solution that will increase productivity, reduce cost and extend the capability across and beyond SDO branch.

*b) Identify the main stakeholders or entities involved, and their role in the initiative.*

The main stakeholder is the General Manager Passports and Identity Services; he is responsible for ensuring that the value (high trust) and integrity is maintained in the New Zealand passports. Benefits to the wider public resulting from the power of the New Zealand passport include visa free travel to a large number of countries.

<https://www.passportindex.org/byRank.php>

*Describe the personal information that the initiative will involve. Note: "Personal information" is any information about an identifiable living person. However, a person doesn't have to be named in the information to be identifiable. You only need to complete a Threshold Assessment if your proposal involves personal information.*

*The description should cover:*

- a) What is the source of the information? (e.g. collected from the individual, re-use of existing information)*
- b) What is the purpose of the information for the initiative?*

The Facial Recognition Service will hold biometric templates of all adults over the age of sixteen who have applied for a NZ passport. The templates are derived from images (photographs) that are submitted with a passport application. The conversion process uses an algorithm from a biometric vendor to create a unique biometric template for every image converted. This process creates a database of approximately 4.5 million templates against which biometric matches and searches can take place.

Biographic information about the applicant is not stored with the image and template files, it is stored in a separate database within the passports system and linked using a unique key.

The purpose of the biometric matching is to ensure; people only hold one passport, speed and accuracy of entitlement determination and detecting fraudulent attempts to obtain a passport. This is achieved through the following services:

- Identification Service

*Provides functions to support one-to-many searches using facial characteristics against a biometric enrolment database.*

- Verification Service

*Provides functions to enable the performing of one-to-one comparisons searches using facial characteristics.*

- Investigation Service

*Provides functions to enable investigators to investigate identity fraud and perform forensic analysis of facial images.*

## Privacy risk assessment

Some types of initiatives are more likely to create privacy risks. If the initiative involves one or more of these risk areas, it's likely that a Privacy Impact Assessment will be valuable.

Use the following checklist to identify and record whether your proposal raises certain privacy risks. Delete any that do not apply.

Does the initiative involve any of the following?		Yes (tick)	No (tick)	If yes, explain your response
<b>Information management generally</b>				
A substantial change to an existing policy, process or system that involves personal information		✓		This is an entirely new system (even though it is performing the same functions as a previous system).
Any practice or activity that is listed on a risk register kept by your organisation		✓		The FRS is part of the Passports System. As part of the FRS Certification and Accreditation process risks are identified and controls applied. Any Residual Risks are included in the certificate for acceptance by the Business Owner and DCE. An initial Risk Assessment has been performed for FRS, this will be updated once a Service Provider has been selected and the system design is known.
<b>Collection</b>				
A new collection of personal information			✓	
A new way of collecting personal information			✓	
<b>Storage, security and retention</b>				

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Does the initiative involve any of the following?	Yes (tick)	No (tick)	If yes, explain your response
A change in the way personal information is stored or secured	✓		In ABIS the biometric template is stored with a small amount of biographic information for 'binning' purposes (filtering). This is limited to Gender, Date of Birth, Place of Birth and Country of Birth. This will NOT be stored in the new FRS system.  In the new system both Images and biometric templates will be stored together to improve functionality and operational efficiency. In the current system (ABIS) there are no stored images.
A change to how sensitive information is managed		✓	
Transferring personal information offshore; using a third-party contractor or Cloud storage	✓		Data will not be transferred offshore. At this stage in the RFP process there is the potential to use third party contractors and cloud storage. This will be risk assessed during the RFP evaluation.
A decision to keep personal information for longer than you have previously		✓	
<b>Use or disclosure</b>			
A new use or disclosure of personal information that is already held		✓	
Sharing or matching personal information held by different organisations or currently held in different datasets		✓	
<b>Individuals' access to their information</b>			
A change in policy that results in people having less access to information that you hold about them		✓	
<b>Identifying individuals</b>			
Establishing a new way of identifying individuals		✓	
<b>New intrusions on individuals' property, person or activities</b>			

Does the initiative involve any of the following?	Yes (tick)	No (tick)	If yes, explain your response
Introducing a new system for searching individuals' property, persons or premises		✓	
Surveillance, tracking or monitoring of movements, behaviour or communications		✓	
Changes to your premises that will involve private spaces where clients or customers may disclose their personal information		✓	
New regulatory requirements that could lead to compliance action against individuals on the basis of information about them		✓	
List anything else that may impact on privacy, such as bodily searches, or intrusions into physical space		✓	

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### Initial risk assessment

If you answered "Yes" to any of the questions above, use the table below to give a rating: **Low (L)**, **Medium (M)**, or **High (H)** – for each of the aspects of the project set out in the first column. For risks that you've identified as Medium or High, indicate (in the right-hand column) how the project plans to lessen the risk (if this is known).

If you answered "No" to all the questions in the privacy risk assessment above, move on to the Summary section below.

Privacy Principle affected	Rating (Low, Medium, High)	Describe any medium and high risks and how they will be mitigated
<p><b>Level of information handling</b></p> <p>L – Minimal personal information will be handled</p> <p>M – A moderate amount of personal information (or information that could become personal information) will be handled</p> <p>H – A significant amount of personal information (or information that could become personal information) will be handled</p>	High	<p>This system will hold biometric data and images for approximately 4.5 million individuals.</p> <p>A risk assessment has been carried out and appropriate controls will be implemented, e.g. separation of biometric and biographic data, assurance testing of the system, strict controls on physical and logical access. This will be documented and recorded in a FRS Service Security Certificate.</p>
<p><b>Sensitivity of the information (eg health, financial, race)</b></p> <p>L – The information will not be sensitive</p> <p>M – The information may be considered to be sensitive</p> <p>H – The information will be highly sensitive</p>	Low	
<p><b>Significance of the changes</b></p> <p>L – Only minor change to existing functions/activities</p> <p>M – Substantial change to existing functions/activities; or a new initiative</p> <p>H – Major overhaul of existing functions/activities; or a new initiative that's significantly different</p>	Low	



<p><b>Interaction with others</b></p> <p>L – No interaction with other agencies</p> <p>M – Interaction with one or two other agencies</p> <p>H – Extensive cross-agency (that is, government) interaction or cross-sectional (non-government and government) interaction</p>	<p>Low</p>	
<p><b>Public impact</b></p> <p>L – Minimal impact on the organisation and clients</p> <p>M – Some impact on clients is likely due to changes to the handling of personal information; or the changes may raise public concern</p> <p>H – High impact on clients and the wider public, and concerns over aspects of project; or negative media is likely</p>	<p>Low</p>	

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## Summary of privacy impact

Complete the table below based on the assessment outcome so far.

The privacy impact for this initiative has been assessed as:	Tick
<b>Low</b> – There is little or no personal information involved; or the use of personal information is uncontroversial; or the risk of harm eventuating is negligible; or the change is minor and something that the individuals concerned would expect; or risks are fully mitigated	
<b>Medium</b> – Some personal information is involved, but any risks can be mitigated satisfactorily	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>High</b> – Sensitive personal information is involved, and several medium to high risks have been identified	
<b>Reduced risk</b> – The project will lessen existing privacy risks	

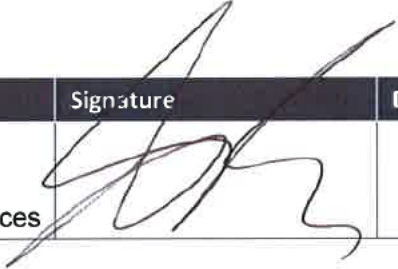
## Recommendation

A full privacy impact assessment is not required for FRS, providing no significant risks are identified during the completion of security and cloud risk assessments for the system.

Should the selected provider not be able to answer or address risks arising from the security and cloud risk assessments, a targeted PIA may be required.

## Authorisation

The Business Owner is ultimately responsible for ensuring that the Privacy Impact Assessment has the appropriate scope, and that the recommendations are actioned. The Principal Advisor Privacy should be consulted before the document is finalised to ensure that the Threshold Check addresses the necessary privacy considerations.

Authorised by	Signature	Date
Business Owner(s) David Philp General Manager Identity and Passport Services		21/3/17

Forward a copy of the final signed document to [privacy@dia.govt.nz](mailto:privacy@dia.govt.nz).