

By email: [fyi-request-18184-46f8ed4e@requests.fyi.org.nz](mailto:fyi-request-18184-46f8ed4e@requests.fyi.org.nz)  
Ref: H202200228

Tēnā koe John,

## Response to your request for official information

Thank you for your request under the Official Information Act 1982 (the Act) to the Ministry of Health (the Ministry) on 13 January 2022 regarding COVID-19 vaccine exemptions. Please find a response to each part of your request below.

*Where a subsequent dose of Comirnaty is contraindicated by medical experts due to the severity of an adverse reaction what medical data or evidence does the Exemption Panel have to prove that a different vaccine will be suitable for that patient.*

The temporary medical exemption panel (the Panel) was established by the Ministry to receive and consider applications for temporary medical exemption from being vaccinated against COVID-19. When someone's application for a temporary medical exemption is declined, they are advised of this in writing by the Ministry. This letter informs people to consult with their preferred health professional to assess the best vaccination options for them, which may include the use of an alternate approved COVID-19 vaccine.

Every vaccine has some differences, and as such, the Pfizer vaccination has some contraindications which are unique to this vaccine. This means that many individuals who are unable to receive the Pfizer vaccine, may be able to safely receive the AstraZeneca (AZ) or Novavax vaccine.

The criteria for temporary medical exemptions were formed on the advice of the COVID-19 Vaccine Technical Advisory Group (CV-TAG). A copy of this advice is attached and has been released to you in full.

*... how many people, who have had serious adverse reactions after having been vaccinated with Comirnaty as the primary dose, then gone on to have the AstraZeneca as the secondary dose in New Zealand and have they all been adverse free*

As of 21 January 2022, the COVID Immunisation Register showed that 474 individuals had received one dose of the Pfizer vaccine, and a subsequent dose of the AZ Vaccine.

As of 21 January a total of 13 patients reported events after having the Pfizer vaccine that required emergency care or were serious, and then also went on to report a reaction with the AZ vaccine that was either non-serious or serious.

Further details regarding adverse events following vaccination with the AZ vaccine are included in the vaccine safety reports published by Medsafe. These reports can be found at [www.medsafe.govt.nz/COVID-19/vaccine-report-overview.asp](http://www.medsafe.govt.nz/COVID-19/vaccine-report-overview.asp). It should also be noted that not all individuals who experience an adverse event following vaccination will report it.

*How does all of this compare to other Western Countries as surely the Exemption Panel must be looking at more than local data to base their decisions on what is suitable.*

As stated earlier, CV-TAG developed the advice on clinical criteria for medical exemptions from vaccination. CV-TAG monitor international trends, research and developments relating to Covid-19 Vaccines and take this into account when forming their advice.

Recommendations made by the Panel are based on the individual clinical information presented to it.

Under section 28(3) of the Act you have the right to ask the Ombudsman to review any decisions made under this request. The Ombudsman may be contacted by email at: [info@ombudsman.parliament.nz](mailto:info@ombudsman.parliament.nz) or by calling 0800 802 602.

Please note that this response, with your personal details removed, may be published on the Ministry of Health website at: [www.health.govt.nz/about-ministry/information-releases](http://www.health.govt.nz/about-ministry/information-releases).

Nāku noa, nā



Astrid Koornneef  
**Director**  
**National Immunisation Programme**