Wellington City

Parking and Retail Spend

Dec 2021 analysis

Terms of Reference

- Thorndon
 - Retail spend/parking (night, day, week, W/E)

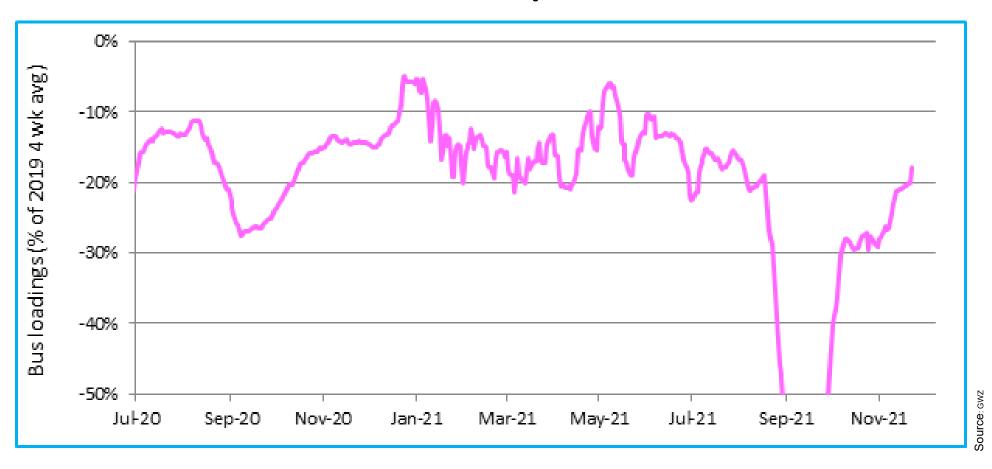
- CBD
 - Retail spend/parking (night, day, week, W/E)

- Clifton car-park
 - Occupancy (Week and W/E)

Context



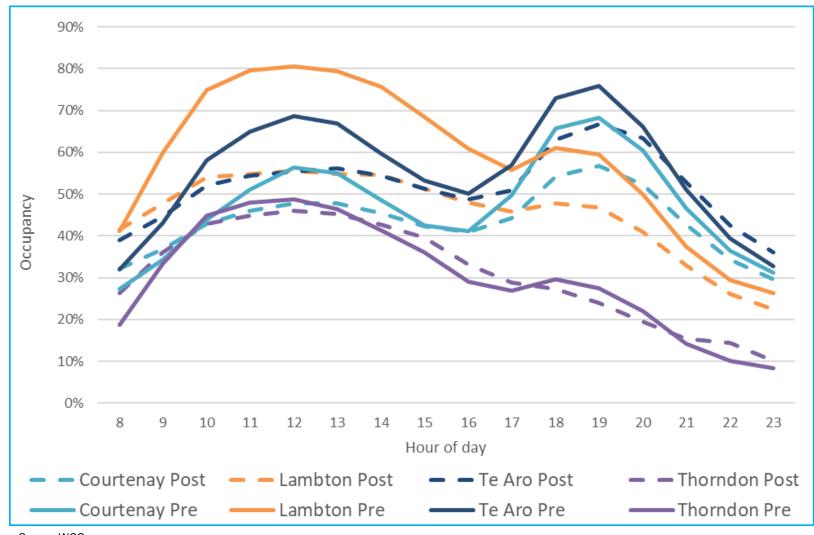
Public transport use



- COVID-19 Lockdowns and health sensitivity
 - High % are persistently working from home

Parking

Occupancy: Pre vs Post tariff increase



Background

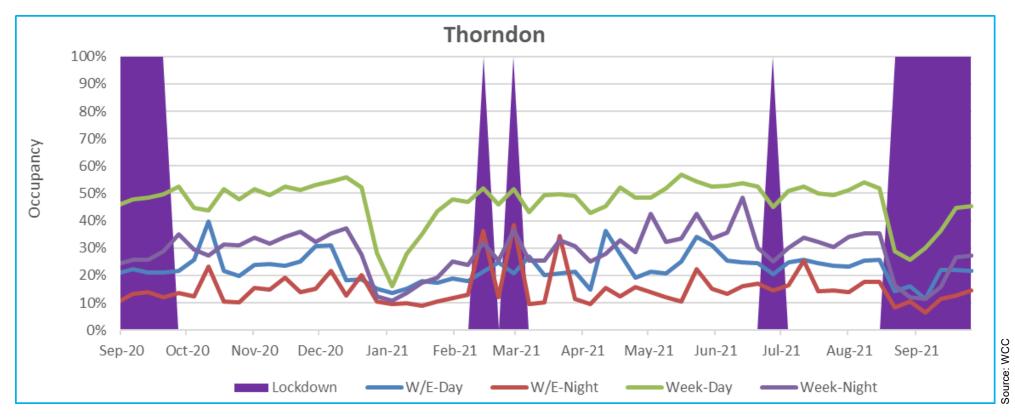
- Compares July/Aug 2020(Pre) with Jul/Aug 2021 (Post)
- Lambton and Thorndon are mid-morning intensive
- Te Aro and Courtenay are afternoon intensive

Change in occupancy

- Thorndon grows!
- Rest decline by 15%-5%
- Lambton has the largest decline

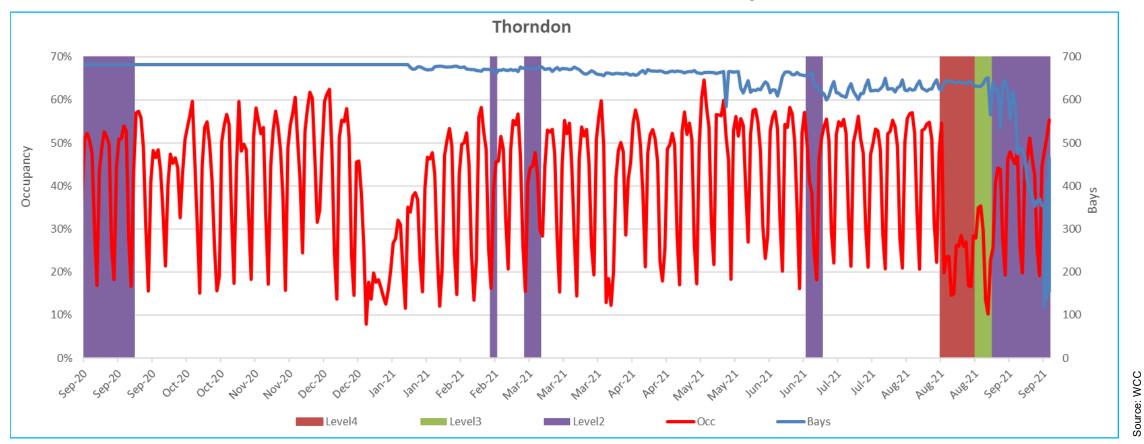
Source: WCC

Thorndon



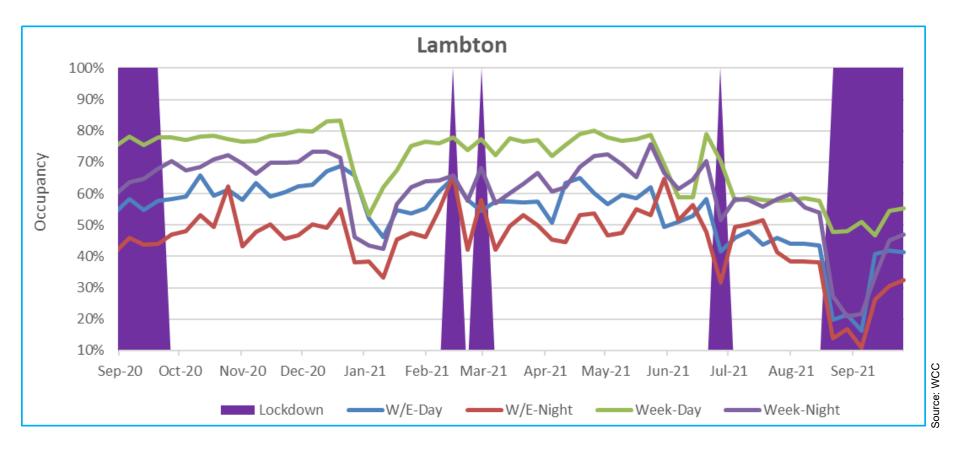
- Low occupancy (especially at W/E)
- No decline post July

Thorndon loss of bays



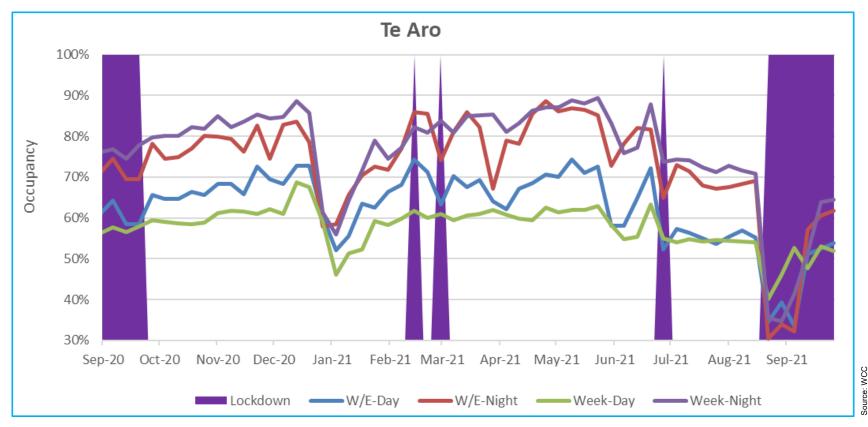
- Stable occupancy July to Aug
- NOTE: Loss of bays (-15%) in Sep PLUS increase in occupancy

Lambton



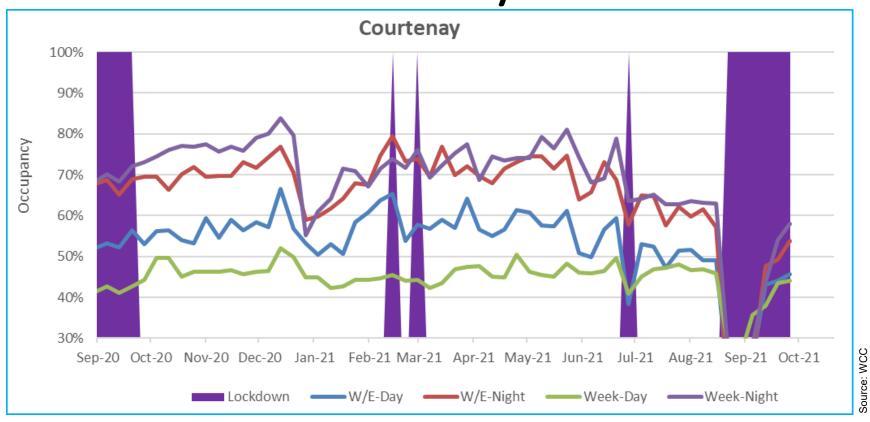
- High occupancy in day
- Dramatic decline post July

Te Aro



- High occupancy in day and night
- Dramatic decline post July

Courtenay



- High occupancy at night (week and W/E)
- Dramatic decline post July

Clifton carpark

	Average Peak Occupancy
	(Weekdays)
July 2021	98%
August 2021	56%
September 2021	61%
October 2021	92.82%
November 2021 (up to 25th)	96.27% Average Peak Occupancy
November 2021 (up to 25th)	Average Peak Occupancy
July 2021	Average Peak Occupancy (Weekends)
July 2021 August 2021	Average Peak Occupancy (Weekends) 15.98%
November 2021 (up to 25th) July 2021 August 2021 September 2021 October 2021	Average Peak Occupancy (Weekends) 15.98% 7.79%



• Week: Full (95%+ post-Lockdown)

• W/E: Underutilised (16%)

Parking summary

Context

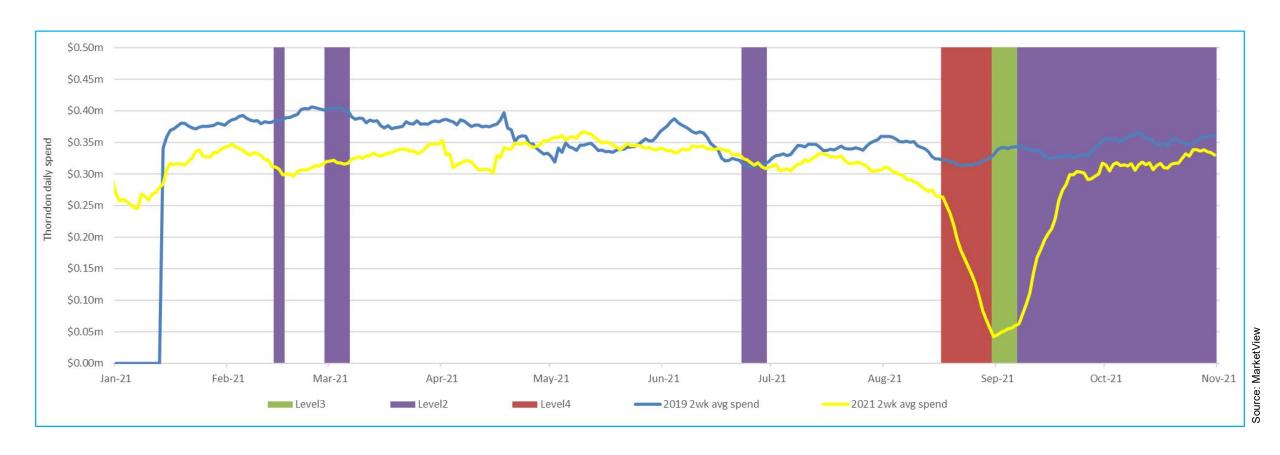
- City wide car-parks:
 - 3,200 (approximately) WCC controlled carparks
 - 23,000 total car-parks (private + public)
- Public parking charges increased:
 - 50c/hour for all tariffs on July 5th 2021 (i.e. 20% increase during W/E)
 - Weekend hours went from 8am-6pm to 8am to 8pm

Observed trends

- CBD occupancy dropped approximately 15% post-tariff change
- Thorndon
 - 2% increase in occupancy post-tariff change
 - Reduction in bays increases occupancy in Sep+ 2021
- Lockdown delays expected 'recovery' after tariff increase
 - There is anecdotal evidence that occupancy drops as tariffs are increased, but then return to normal after around 6 weeks

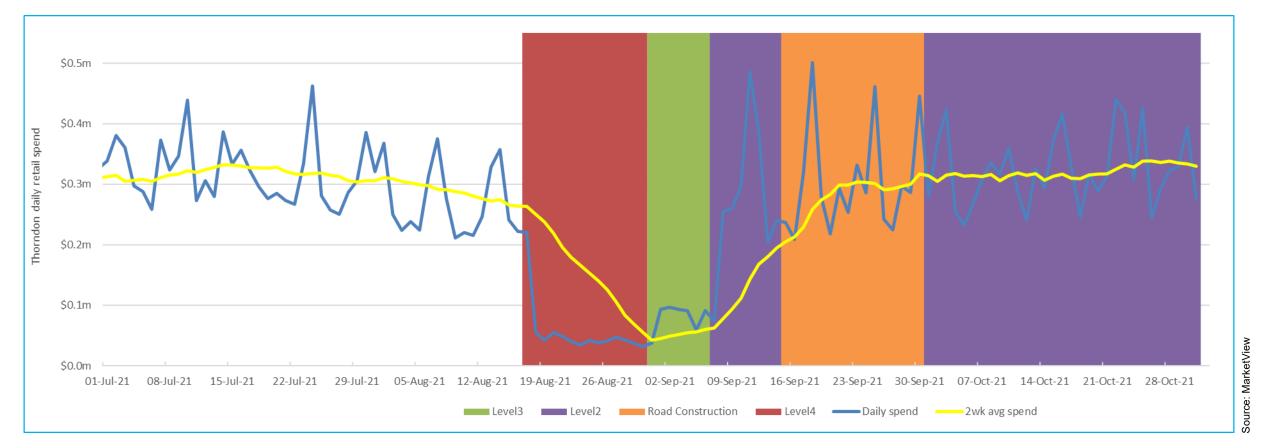
Retail and Hospitality

Thorndon: spend by day (8am-6pm)



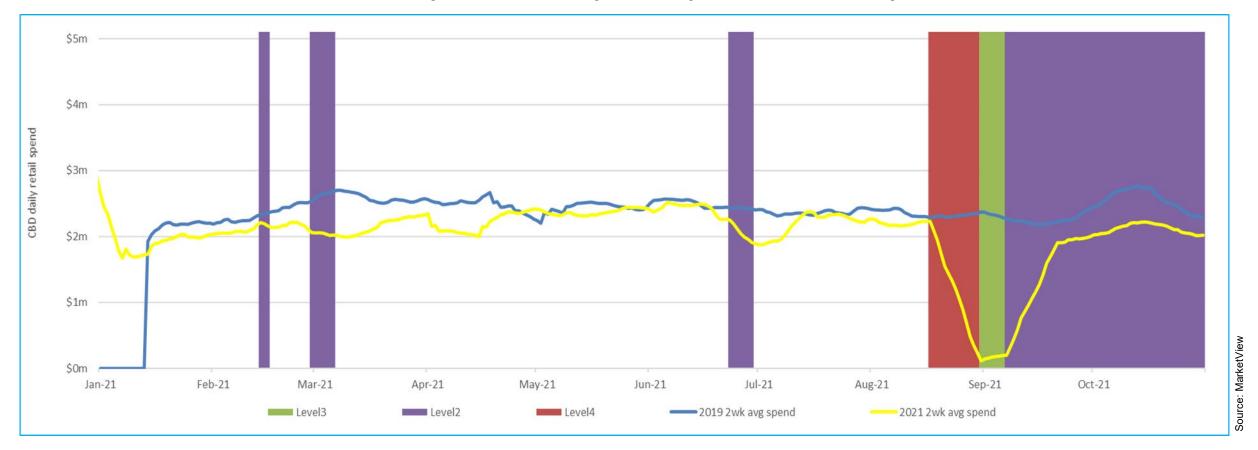
- Spend is \$0.35m average
- Trend: declines Jul/Aug but recovers in Oct (despite changes to parking)

Thorndon: spend by day (8am-6pm) detail



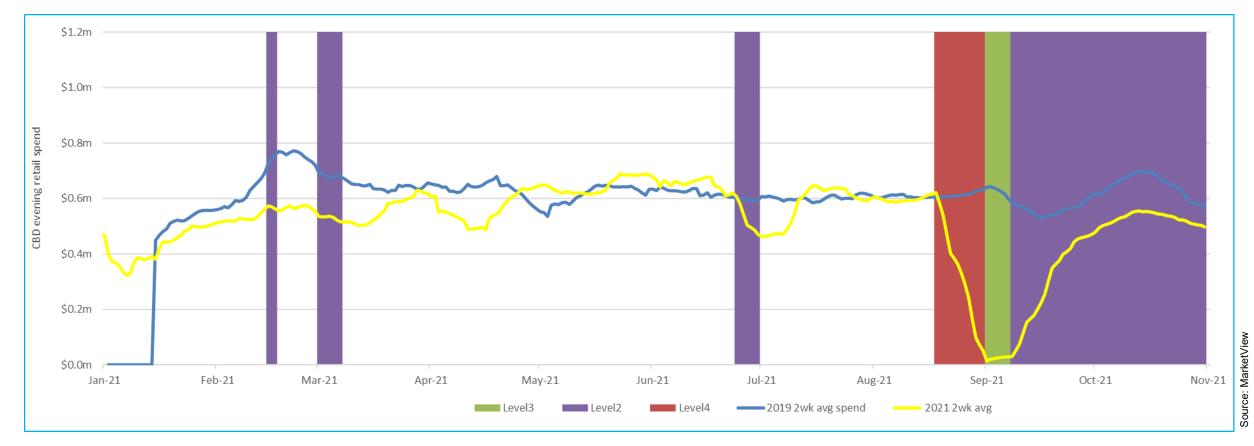
- Road construction to convert angle bays to parallel
- Bounce in spend post-Level4/3 lockdown
 - Consistent with home/hardware nature of merchants (consumer travel budget being spent on home improvements)

CBD: spend by day (8am-6pm)



- Daily spend of \$2.5m
- Trend: post-lockdown not quite recovered (WfH + lockdown anxiety?)

CBD: spend by night (6pm-10pm)



- Daily spend of \$0.6m average
- Trend: similar to day spend

Retail summary

- Retail+hospo excludes groceries and fuel
- Recovering to 2019 levels prior to latest lockdown
- Change in spend brought on by
 - COVID-19 lockdown
 - Working from Home (WfH)
 - CBD foot-fall down by 15%+
 - But spend is not down by the same factor
 - Online spend increase
 - Increases in apparel and groceries by approximately 10%
 - Parking is a small cost in the overall CBD Experience
 - I.e. the average merchant spend is \$40 per transaction
 - The typical consumer has many transactions in their visit

CBD parking and retail (final thoughts)

- Working from Home
 - Likely to be persistent
 - Likely to reduce demand for parking and to some extent CBD spend for retail/hospo

- Parking occupancy
 - Lockdown: has had a significant impact
 - Tariff changes: too early to tell the long-term impact due to COVID-19